IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF FULTON COUNTY STATE OF GEORGIA

| JAMES D. JOHNSON, |) | |
|-----------------------|---|---------------------------------|
| Plaintiff, |) | |
| |) | Civil Action No. 2014 CV 250660 |
| v. |) | |
| |) | |
| FULTON COUNTY SCHOOLS |) | |
| Defendant |) | |

AMENDED COMPLAINT

Plaintiff states the following as his Amended Complaint:

- 1. This is a Complaint for declaratory and injunctive relief, seeking a declaration that, effective July 1, 2014, it no longer was a crime in Georgia to carry a weapon on a school campus for a weapons carry licensee and an injunction preventing Defendant from arresting, citing, or prosecuting Plaintiff for carrying a firearm on Defendant's property.
- 2. Defendant is a county public school system in Fulton County, Georgia.
- 3. Plaintiff is a natural person who resides in Fulton County, Georgia and whose children attend school at New Prospect Elementary School ("NPES") in Alpharetta, Fulton County, Georgia.
- 4. NPES is owned and operated by Defendant.
- 5. Plaintiff possesses a validly issued Georgia Weapons Carry License ("GWL") issued to him pursuant to O.C.G.A. §16-11-129.
- 6. NPES is in a "school safety zone," as that term is defined by O.C.G.A. §16-11-127.1.
- 7. It generally is a crime to carry a firearm within a school safety zone.
- 8. During the legislative session of 2013-2014, the General Assembly passed House Bill 826.

- 9. The governor of Georgia signed HB 826 into law and it has been enrolled as Act 575.
- 10. Act 575 provides, *inter alia*, that GWL holders are exempt from the provisions against carrying a weapon in a school safety zone.
- 11. After Act 575 became effective, Defendant's representatives were quoted in a local Alpharetta media outlet saying that it remains a crime to carry a firearm in school safety zones, even for people with GWLs.
- 12. On or about August 12, 2014, Plaintiff contacted the author of the news article, pointing out that under Act 575 a person with a GWL could carry a firearm at a school.
- 13. On or about August 12, 2014, the author replied that she had conferred with the "school board attorney," who reiterated that the board continues to view it as a crime for a GWL holder to carry a firearm in a school safety zone.
- 14. Defendant has a policy, "KG (III)(J)(13)," that prohibits weapons "in school facilities or on school property."
- 15. Plaintiff visits NPES for the purpose of participating in the education of his child, on a frequent basis.
- 16. Plaintiff desires to carry a weapon at NPES in case of confrontation, and he would do so if it were legal for him to do so.
- 17. As a result of the public comments attributed to Defendant, Plaintiff is in fear of arrest and prosecution for carrying a weapon at NPES, even though it no longer is criminal for him to do so (effective July 1, 2014).

Count 1 – Violations of O.C.G.A. § 16-11-173

- 18. O.C.G.A. § 16-11-173 prohibits Defendant from regulating the possession or carrying of a firearm.
- 19. Plaintiff and Defendant have an actual controversy between them regarding the effects of Act 575 on Plaintiff.
- 20. Even if there were no actual controversy between Plaintiff and Defendant, Plaintiff desires to confirm his right since July 1, 2014 to carry a firearm on Defendant's property without fear of detention, prosecution, imprisonment, and fine.
- 21. By declaring that GWL holders may not carry firearms on Defendant property, Defendant violates O.C.G.A. § 16-11-173.

Relief Demanded

Plaintiff demands the following relief:

- 22. A declaration that as of July 1, 2014, GWL holders are exempt from the prohibition in O.C.G.A. 16-11-127.1 of carrying a weapon in a school safety zone.
- 23. An injunction prohibiting Defendant from arresting, citing, fining, or prosecuting Plaintiff for carrying a weapon in a school safety zone for as long as Plaintiff maintains a GWL.
- 24. An interlocutory injunction prohibiting Defendant from arresting, citing, fining, or prosecuting Plaintiff for carrying a weapon in a school safety zone during the pendency of this action, for as long as Plaintiff maintains a GWL.
- 25. The costs of bringing and maintaining this action, including reasonable attorney's fees.
- 26. A jury to try this case.
- 27. Any other relief the court deems proper.

John R. Monroe, Attorney for Plaintiff 9640 Coleman Road Roswell, GA 30075 678-362-7650 770 552 9318 (fax) jrm@johnmonroelaw.com State Bar No. 516193

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I certify that on October 7, 2014 I served a copy of the foregoing via U.S. Mail upon:

Brandon O. Moulard Nelson Mullins Riley & Scarborough LLP 201 17th Street, NW, Suite 1700 Atlanta, GA 30363

John R. Monroe